If you want to be a writer, you must do two things above all others: read a lot and write a lot. There's no way around these two things that I'm aware of, no shortcut. —Stephen King

Read, read. Read everything—trash, classics, good and bad, and see how they do it. Just like a carpenter who works as an apprentice and studies the master. Read! You'll absorb it. Then write. If it's good, you'll find out. If it's not, throw it out of the window.—William Faulkner

Either way, we got today and that's all we may be allowed. --Dispatch

Dear Scholars,

Welcome to your English class. I hope you'll feel a deep sense of belonging in our classroom, that it will become a space you can depend on for peace and inspiration. I'd like to tell you a little about myself, my writing life and my goals for this course, and then ask you to do the same.

This is my 16th year at WHS, after spending the previous 4 teaching in New York and Boston, and a New Mexico juvenile jail. I grew up outside Philadelphia, and later studied at Vassar and Middlebury Colleges, and at the Rainier Writers Workshop in Washington State. I live with my wife Botum and 3 kids—Ella 10, Olive 8, and Warren 5—25 minutes down the road in Holliston, Mass. My favorite activities are reading and outdoor sports with them, cooking and tennis. I'm also one of the tennis coaches here.

A highlight of my summer was playing pickup basketball again after taking about 25 years off. As you can imagine, I was pretty much starting over when it came to skills and confidence. I thought I was going to be *total* garbage... but I wasn't—I was *moderate* garbage. More importantly, I was okay with that, and so were the guys I played with—almost all of whom were better than me. I worked hard, had fun, and never quit on a play. If I called out picks on d, kept cutting on offense, and scored one bucket a game, everyone was happy... and, I've gotten better.

Think about what the equivalent of that experience would be for you, in a high-school English class. I don't yet know what your goals are, but if I were in your seat, I would love know that all I had to do was work hard, have fun, communicate, stay engaged, never quit, and produce just an occasional nugget of brilliance—and be assured I would improve as a result.

There's always a range of emotion inside me this time of year, but I have two sources of excitement. One is bittersweet: my son Warren graduated WHS Child Lab last spring, so I won't have my co-pilot on my way to work and back, but he's starting kindergarten today, as we speak, and he got into the same French Immersion program my other kids are in.

My other source of excitement right now is you. I'm counting on your energy and curiosity, as I know you're counting on mine. In this room, we fuel each other, we nourish each other—intellectually, artistically.

In addition to teacher and father, I also identify as a writer—more specifically, a poet. This is a struggle for me, because while I believe I'm a strong writer and have even published

several poems in journals I consider respectable, I haven't made a regular writing routine—and thus haven't produced much—since my second child was born. So I sometimes feel like a failure. Nothing fulfills me more, when I do it, than sitting down and at least trying to write for an hour or two a day—I get back into this groove once in a while, but then slip out. I think I'm good at starting pieces, but not at ending them; I'm good at making language engaging and clear, and making my lived situations sound entertaining; but I'm not good at breaking free of the first person, of taking up conflict beyond my personal experience. I'm a good editor, which is very good news for you. Part of why I enjoy teaching this course is that it forces me—I don't want to be a hypocrite—to complete many of the assignments with you, and this is good for my soul.

I'd like you, too, to identify as a writer, as an artist, even if you never have before. I know you have engaging stories to tell, authentic conflicts to fuel them, vivid language that will make them feel surprising—I will help you discover these matters within you, and the tools to let them emerge. I believe seeing oneself as a writer also transforms one's *reading* experiences.

Why study literature and writing? My teaching philosophy is threefold: 1) If we read carefully enough, there are valuable lessons in literature about ourselves as human beings; 2) Great storytellers, essayists, playwrights and poets show us all we need to know about *how* to *write*; 3) Attention to both of these truths increases the likelihood we'll experience happy and fulfilling lives.

Let me explain that last one some more. In his book *Excellent Sheep: The Miseducation of the American Elite and the Way to a Meaningful Life*, former Yale professor and admissions officer William Deresiewicz laments how our educational system has overemphasized quantifiable measures of success (i.e. grades and money) to the detriment of learning; he cites the consensus among studies that show no correlation of income increase with increased happiness—excepting the need for adequate baseline income to keep you from struggling. Those same studies show 2 things that do increase human happiness: meaningful work, and meaningful connections to other people.

What does this have to do with English class? a) The intellectual and emotional demands of reading and discussing literature—and writing our own—train us to think, doubt, self-examine, communicate between the mind and the heart. If through these means we come to better know ourselves, we're more likely to find our calling in life. b) Literature is as good a resource as any for understanding the complex ways in which other people think and feel. And that prepares us for the second source of sustainable happiness: meaningful connections to other people.

In addition to what I've summarized, I hope you'll find your own, unique ways to make your work in this class meaningful.

Best, A. Bennett

Appendix: Traditional Syllabus

I've covered some conventional syllabus topics in the above letter; the rest are described below.

Contact: bennetta@wellesleyps.org

Writing Lab Hours: Part of my job Semester 1 is to staff the Writing Lab (rm. 237): Day 3 Block A, Day 3 Block F, Day 6 Block A, Day 7 Block D. No appointment is necessary, but my WL services are open to any student in the school—first come, first served. Other English teachers staff the Writing Lab throughout the cycle, and in many cases will be at least as helpful to you.

Office Hours: I'll be available in 306 on a drop-in basis every Day 4 Block B. You can always make an appointment to meet with me another time. I'm mostly available Block As as well as Green, Purple and Blue (semester 1 only), but email or ask in advance to check. Feel free to email me any time about smaller issues that don't require conversation, and I should be able to reply during the school day.

Skills practiced in this course:

You will engage in two modes of reading and writing throughout the year, *Reading as Writers* and *Writing as Readers*.

Mode Mode	Reading as Writers	Writing as Readers
Essential Question	What can we learn from good	What can the study of good
	storytellers about how to tell	stories tell us about ourselves
	our own stories?	as human beings?
Style of Pursuit	Artistic	Scholarly
Approaches	•accessing memory and	evaluating all aspects of an
	imagination as resources	author's craft (i.e. how the
	•using language that is	author writes)
	concrete and specific, not	•point-of-view
	abstract and general	•conflict
	•writing scenes instead of	•structure
	summary	•events
	•centering on conflict	•place
	•making the familiar feel	∙language
	surprising	•characterization
	utilizing existing and	•length
	innovative structures to	•time-span
	create tension and control	•tone
	pacing	•details
		•pacing
		to understand theme (i.e.
		"what the author is saying")
Product	Creative Writing (fiction,	Analytical Essay
	poetry, creative nonfiction)	, ,

Your major writing products will more-or-less alternate between creative and analytical modes, and in some cases combine them.

Texts

Assigned books will include *Homegoing* by Yaa Gyasi, *The Catcher in the Rye* by J.D. Salinger, *The Great Gatsby* by F. Scott Fitzgerald, and *Behold the Dreamers* by Imbolo Mbue (summer reading).

Shorter works will be selected from Raymond Carver, Jhumpa Lahiri, Nathaniel Hawthorne, Edward P. Jones, Ernest Hemingway, Alice Walker, Julia Alvarez, Sherman Alexie, Anthony Veasna So, and Haruki Murakami.

There will be some additions TBD. (Previously studied authors in this course include Toni Morrison, Mark Twain, Arthur Miller, Tennessee Williams, Claudia Rankine, James Baldwin, John Steinbeck, Ta-Nehisi Coates, William Faulkner, Herman Melville, Flannery O'Connor, Ralph Waldo Emerson, Henry David Thoreau, Walt Whitman, Emily Dickenson, Sylvia Plath and Richard Wright—some additions may come from list.)

There will be a poetry-writing unit drawing inspiration from Billy Collins's anthology *Poetry 180*.

All honors sophomores complete a Sophomore Synthesis project that requires the independent selection and reading of 3-5 related texts, and writing of an 8-10-page essay about them.

Deadlines

- The deadline for an assignment is the *start* of the class on which it is due. You won't ever have work due on a day we do not meet for class.
- A penalty-free extension will be granted if it requested *24 hours* in advance of the deadline. This request can come either in person or by email.
- Late work is still accepted without advance extension, but a late penalty applies—half credit in the case of small assignment, 3-percent-per-day in the case of a major assessment like the portfolio.

Electronic Devices

- Laptops will occasionally be needed for classwork, but otherwise should be put away—these are terribly distracting when they're not needed, and make it difficult for everyone to focus. I'll be clear about which parts of each class are Screen Needed, Screen Optional, or Screen Free by labeling the daily agenda on the board.
- With rare exception, you won't need your phone in class, so please keep it away and silent at all times.
- Because unwarranted screen use is so distracting, it will result in a lower class participation grade.

Absence

• Because class participation is measured in both quality and quantity, when you are *absent*, you must ask the instructor how to make up the hour of *participation* you missed, and complete this make-up work in addition to any graded assignments due that day. The same applies to partial absences (tardies, early dismissals, bathroom breaks: any time you are not physically in the classroom during class).

• Keep to a minimum the number of times you leave the room during class. It causes distraction and precludes your ability to participate.

Food/Drink

- Please don't eat in class unless you have enough to share with everybody or you have a documented medical need.
- Drinks are ok, so long as you properly dispose of any disposables containers.

Quarterly Grades

- The *Writing Portfolio* is a quarter-long—and ultimately year-long—project that doesn't get graded until the end of each quarter. Most writing assignments submitted to the instructor during the quarter will earn *completion* credit and *editorial* feedback, but will not receive a number or letter grade. This portfolio—which compiles these assignments along with revision and reflection—will count as the majority of each quarter's grade.
- Participation, quizzes, first-submitted drafts and other assignments count too, but much less than the portfolio.

Grading of Participation

- Your *participation* grade will be assessed at the end of each quarter as follows:
 - A: 1. Attendance is excellent (no more than a few full or partial absences, and all make-up work completed)
 - 2. Preparation is excellent (consistently has all materials, consistently evidences thoughtful completion of non-graded homework)
 - 3. Citizenship is extraordinary (respectful of classroom and instructor; devices away when not needed; goes out of the way to make others feel welcome)
 - 4. Contributions are extraordinary (frequently offers thoughtful comments and questions that *stimulate* discussion; shows leadership in this regard)
 - B: Meets all criteria for "A" but is inconsistent in one area
 - C: Meets three out of the four criteria for "A" but is significantly weak in one area;
 - or, meets all criteria for "A" but is inconsistent in two areas
 - D: Meets two out of the four criteria for "A" but is significantly weak two areas:
 - or, meets all criteria for "A" but is inconsistent in three areas
 - F: Meets one of the four criteria for "A" but is significantly weak in three areas:
 - or, is inconsistent with all four criteria for "A"